GC750 / GC750C



Technical Manual

700032A

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Allied Vision Technologies Canada Inc. 101-3750 North Fraser Way Burnaby, BC V5J 5E9 / Canada



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Legal notice

For customers in the U.S.A.

(FCC Compliance Information)

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However there is no guarantee that interferences will not occur in a particular installation. Operation of this equipment in a residential environment is likely to cause harmful interference.

You are cautioned that any changes or modifications not expressly approved in this manual could void your authority to operate this equipment. The shielded interface cable recommended in this manual must be used with this equipment in order to comply with the limits for a computing device pursuant to Subpart B of Part 15 of FCC Rules.

For customers in Canada

This digital apparatus complies with the Class A limits for radio noise emissions set out in the Radio Interference Regulations.

Pour utilisateurs au Canada

Cet appareil numérique est conforme aux normes classe A pour bruits radioélectriques, spécifiées dans le Règlement sur le brouillage radioélectrique.

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Contacting Allied Vision Technologies

• Technical information: http://www.alliedvisiontec.com

• Support: support@alliedvisiontec.com

Allied Vision Technologies GmbH (Headquarters)

Taschenweg 2a 07646 Stadtroda, Germany Tel.: +49.36428.677-0 Fax.: +49.36428.677-28 e-mail: <u>info@alliedvisiontec.com</u>

Allied Vision Technologies Canada Inc.

101-3750 North Fraser Way Burnaby, BC, V5J 5E9, Canada Tel: +1 604-875-8855 Fax: +1 604-875-8856 e-mail: info@alliedvisiontec.com

Allied Vision Technologies Inc.

38 Washington Street Newburyport, MA 01950, USA Toll Free number +1-877-USA-1394 Tel.: +1 978-225-2030 Fax: +1 978-225-2029 e-mail: info@alliedvisiontec.com



Introduction

The GC750 series of cameras are 60 frames per second, VGA, Gigabit Ethernet cameras based on the Micron MT9V022 CMOS sensors with snapshot shutter capability.

Precautions



READ INSTALLATION GUIDE CAREFULLY.

This document contains specific information which is necessary for the correct operation and treatment of this product.



DO NOT OPEN THE CAMERA. WARRANTY IS VOID IF CAMERA IS OPENED.

This camera contains sensitive components which can be damaged if handled incorrectly.



KEEP SHIPPING MATERIAL.

Poor packaging of this product can cause damage during shipping.



VERIFY ALL EXTERNAL CONNECTIONS.

Verify all external connections in terms of voltage levels, power requirements, voltage polarity, and signal integrity prior to powering this device.



CLEANING.

This product can be damaged by some volatile cleaning agents. Avoid cleaning the image sensor unless absolutely necessary. Please see instructions on sensor cleaning in this document.



DO NOT EXCEED ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS.

See environmental specifications limits in the Specifications section of this document.

Warranty

Alied Vision Technologies (AVT) provides a 2 year warranty which covers the replacement and repair of all AVT parts which are found to be defective in the normal use of this product. AVT will not warranty parts which have been damaged through the obvious misuse of this product.



Specifications

Sensor Type	Micron MT9V022 CMOS
Sensor Shutter Type	Snapshot (freeze frame)
Image Resolution	752 x 480 pixels
Pixel Size	6.0µm x 6.0µm
Optical Format	1/3 inch
Lens Mount	CS-mount
Color Sensor Filter Pattern [†]	Bayer
Full Resolution Frame Rate	62 fps
Frame Rate (320 x 240 ROI)	116 fps
I/0	1 isolated input/output, 1 non-isolated input/output,
	1 RS-232 input/output
Power Requirements	Less than 2.2W ^{$\dagger\dagger$} (5V to 16V) ^{$\dagger\dagger\dagger$}
Digitization	10 Bits
Trigger latency*	31us for non-isolated I/0, 43us for isolated I/0
Trigger Jitter*	± 20 ns for non-isolated I/0, ± 0.5 us for isolated I/0
Tpd*	10ns for non-isolated I/0, 1.3us for isolated I/0
Operating Temperature	0 to 50 Celsius***
Operating Humidity	20 to 80% non-condensing
Size	33mm (height) x 46mm (width) x 45mm (length)
Weight	85g
Hardware Interface Standard	IEEE 802.3 1000BASE-T, 100BASE-TX
Software Interface Standard	GigE Vision Standard 1.0
Regulatory	CE, FCC, RoHS

† Applies to GC750C only.

†† Power consumption will increase with reduced ROI imaging and color interpolation.

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* See Notes on Triggering in the Addendum.



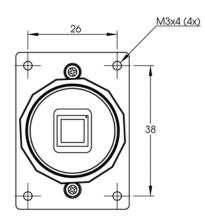
Supported Features

Imaging Modes	free-running, external trigger, fixed rate, software trigger
Fixed Rate Control	0.001 fps to maximum frame rate
External Trigger Delay	0 to 60 seconds in 1 microsecond increments
External Trigger Event	rising edge, falling edge, any edge, level high, level low
Exposure Time	30 microseconds to 1 second in 30 microsecond increments
Gain	0 to 48dB
Region of Interest (ROI)	independent x and y control with 1 pixel resolution
Pixel Formats	Mono8, Mono16*, Bayer8, Bayer 16, RGB24,
	YUV411, YUV422, YUV444,
	BGR24, RGBA24, BGRA24
Sync Out Modes	trigger ready, trigger input, exposing, readout, imaging, strobe,
	GPO

*On monochrome versions only.



Mechanical



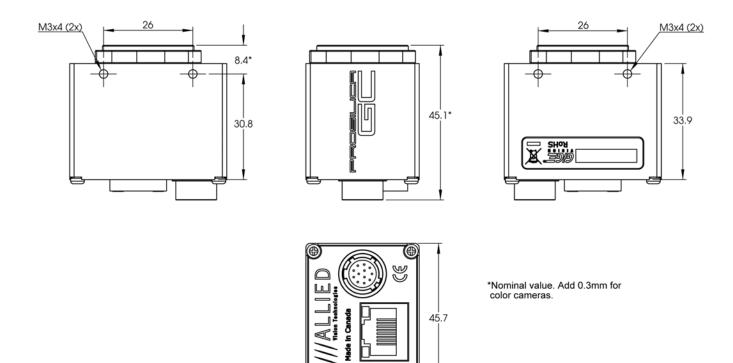


Figure 1. GC SERIES mechanical dimensions.

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Connections 4 -2 Made in Canada 3

Figure 2. GC SERIES connection diagram.



Item 1: GIGABIT ETHERNET PORT

This port conforms to the IEEE 802.3 1000BASE-T standard for Gigabit Ethernet over copper. It is recommended that CAT5E or CAT6 compatible cabling and connectors be used for best performance. Cable lengths up to 100m are supported.

Item 2: General Purpose I/O PORT

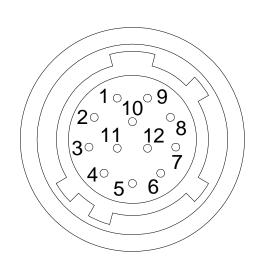


Figure 3. General Purpose I/O Pin out. Camera rear view.

PIN	FUNCTION
1	Power Ground
2	12V Power
3	Sync Input 1 - isolated
4	Sync Output 1 - isolated
5	Isolated Ground
6	Video Iris
7	DNC
8	RS-232 TXD
9	RS-232 RXD

- 10 Signal Ground
- 11 Sync Input 2 non-isolated
- 12 Sync Output 2 non-isolated

The General Purpose I/O port uses a Hirose HR10A-10R-12PB connector on the camera side. The mating cable connector is Hirose HR10A-10P-12S. This connector can be purchased from AVT or from http://www.digikey.com.

See Addendum for more detail.



DO NOT EXCEED 5.5V ON SIGNAL INPUTS UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED. SYNC INPUT 1 CAN BE DRIVEN FROM A HIGHER VOLTAGE IF A CURRENT LIMITING RESISTOR IS USED TO LIMIT THE CURRENT TO LESS THAN 10 MILLIAMPS.

12V Power and Power Ground

To operate the camera 12V Power with suitable current capacity (see specifications) must be provided on Pin 2 and the Power Ground on Pin 1.

A cable assembly providing this power can be ordered from AVT (P/N 02-8003A for North America or P/N 02-8004A for a Universal supply).



Sync Input 1 and Sync Input 2

These input signals allow the camera to be synchronized to some external event. The camera can be programmed to trigger on the rising edge, falling edge, both edges or level of this signal. The camera can also be programmed to capture an image at some programmable delay time after the trigger event.

Sync Input 1 is isolated and should be used in noisy environments to prevent false triggering due to ground loop noise. Sync Input 2 is non-isolated and can be used when a faster trigger is required and when environmental noise is not a problem.

Sync Output 1 and Sync Output 2

These signals only function as outputs and can be configured as follows:

Exposing	Corresponds to when camera is integrating light.
Trigger Ready	Indicates when the camera will accept a trigger signal.
Trigger Input	A relay of the trigger input signal used to "daisy chain" the trigger signal for multiple cameras.
Readout	Valid when camera is reading out data.
Imaging	Valid when camera is exposing or reading out.
Strobe	Programmable pulse based on one of the above events.
GPO	User programmable binary output.

Any of the above signals can be set for active high or active low.

Sync Output 1 will require a pull up resistor of greater than 1Kohm to the user's 5V logic supply.

Sync Output 1 is isolated and should be used in noisy environments. Sync Output 2 is non-isolated and can be used when environmental noise is not a problem and when faster response is required.

RS-232 RXD and RS-232 TXD

These signals are RS-232 compatible. These signals allow communication from the host system via the Ethernet port to a peripheral device connected to the camera. Note that these signals are not isolated and therefore careful attention should be used when designing cabling in noisy environments.



Isolated Ground

Isolated Ground must be connected to the user's external circuit ground if Sync Input 1 or Sync Output 1 is to be used.

Signal Ground

Signal Ground must be connected to the user's external circuit ground if Sync Input 2 or Sync Output 2 is to be used or if the RS-232 port is to be used. Note that Signal Ground is common with Power Ground however it is good practice to provide a separate ground connection for power and signaling when designing the cabling.

Video Iris

This signal can be used to drive the video input of a video iris lens. See Addendum.

DNC

These signals are reserved for future use and should be left disconnected.

Item 3: Status LED 1

LED COLOR	STATUS
Solid Orange	Ethernet link established.
Flashing Orange	Ethernet activity.

Item 4: Status LED 2

LED COLOR	STATUS
Solid Green	Normal operation.
Flashing once per second	Boot up pending
3 quick flashes once per second.	Camera fault.



Cleaning the Sensor



DO NOT CONTACT CLEAN SENSOR UNLESS ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY.

Identifying Debris

Debris on the image sensor or optical components will appear as a darkened area or smudge on the image that does not move as the camera is moved. Do not confuse this with a pixel defect which will appear as a distinct point.

Locating Debris

Before attempting to clean the image sensor, it is important to first determine that the problem is due to debris on the sensor window. To do this you should be viewing a uniform image, such as a piece of paper, with the camera. Debris will appear as a dark spot or dark region that does not move as the camera is moved. To determine that the debris is not on the camera lens, rotate the lens independent of the camera. If the spot moves as the lens moves, then the object is on the lens -not on the image sensor- and therefore cleaning is not required. If the camera has an IR filter, then rotate the IR filter. If the object moves then the particle is on the IR filter not the sensor. If this is the case remove the IR filter carefully using a small flat head screw driver. Clean both sides of the IR filter using the same techniques as explained below for the sensor window.



DO NOT TOUCH ANY OPTICS WITH FINGERS. OIL FROM FINGERS CAN DAMAGE FRAGILE OPTICAL COATINGS.

Cleaning with Air

If it is determined that debris is on the sensor window, then remove the camera lens, and blow the sensor window directly with clean compressed air. If canned air is used, do not shake or tilt the can prior to blowing the sensor. View a live image with the camera after blowing. If the debris is still there, repeat this process. Repeat the process a number of times with increased intensity until it is determined that the particulate cannot be dislodged. If this is the case then proceed to the contact cleaning technique.

Contact Cleaning

Only use this method as a last resort. Use 99% laboratory quality isopropyl alcohol and clean cotton swabs. Dampen the swab in the alcohol and gently wipe the sensor in a single stroke. Do not reuse the same swab. Do not wipe the sensor if the sensor and swab are both dry. You must wipe the sensor quickly after immersion in the alcohol, or glue from the swab will contaminate the sensor window. Repeat this process until the debris is gone. If this process fails to remove the debris, then contact AVT.



Camera Installation

Computer Interface

The Prosilica GC cameras will work with any Ethernet network card; however AVT strongly recommends using Gigabit Ethernet components that support Jumbo Frames. A Jumbo Frame is loosely defined as a frame size greater than 1500 bytes however typical Jumbo Frames are around 9000 bytes. Frame size is the number of bytes per packet and the larger the frame size, the less the computer CPU will be loaded due to the processing of incoming packets.

There are many Gigabit Ethernet cards available which will support Jumbo Frames. The following examples have been verified to work well with the Prosilica GC cameras:

- Intel PRO/1000
- D-Link DGE-550T
- SMC EZ Card 1000

Gigabit Ethernet cards supporting this feature can also be purchased with the camera (P/N 02-3002A).



Gigabit Ethernet Setup for Windows

- Install network card in computer.
- Boot the PC and cancel the "Found new Hardware Wizard" window that may appear when Windows detects the new card.
- Install the driver that came with the network card.
- Once the driver is installed, open the Network Connections Dialog as follows: From the Windows desktop select *start*, then select *Control Panel*, then double click on the *Network Connections* icon. Double click the relevant network card listed or right-click the relevant network card and select *Properties*. This will open the properties window for your network card. See Figure 4.

🕂 Gige Local Properties 🛛 🕐 🔀
General Authentication Advanced
Connect using:
B SMC EZ Card 1000 (SMC9452TX V.2)
Configure This connection uses the following items:
 Client for Microsoft Networks File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks QoS Packet Scheduler Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)
Install Uninstall Properties
Allows your computer to access resources on a Microsoft network.
Show icon in notification area when connected
OK Cancel

Figure 4. Network card main properties window.



Select the *Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)* check box and then select *Properties*. See Figure 5. Network card TCP/IP address. Select the *Use the following IP address* and enter an IP address of 169. 254. x. y, where x and y can be any number. Press the TAB key after entering the IP address and the subnet mask will automatically be entered. The subnet mask is 255. 255. 0. 0. Click *OK* to save changes. Note that if Windows reports a conflict with the above IP address, simply repeat the above steps and change the last digit of the IP address to a different value.

Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties		
General		
You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.		
○ <u>D</u> btain an IP address automatically		
Ose the following IP address:		
<u>I</u> P address:	169.254.1.1	
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:	255.255.0.0	
<u>D</u> efault gateway:	· · ·	
○ 0 <u>b</u> tain DNS server address automatically		
── Use the following DNS server add	tresses:	
Preferred DNS server:		
<u>A</u> lternate DNS server:		
Ad <u>v</u> anced		
	OK Cancel	

Figure 5. Network card TCP/IP address.



🕹 Gige Local Properties 🛛 💽 🗙		
General Authentication Advanced		
Internet Connection Firewall		
Protect my computer and network by limiting or preventing access to this computer from the Internet		
Learn more about Internet Connection Firewall.		
Internet Connection Sharing		
Allow other network users to connect through this computer's Internet connection		
Home networking connection:		
Select a private network connection		
Allow other network users to control or disable the shared Internet connection		
Learn more about Internet Connection Sharing.		
If you're not sure how to set these properties, use the <u>Network Setup Wizard</u> instead.		
OK Cancel		

Figure 6. Turn off Firewall.

• Return to the Gige Local Properties window as in Figure 4. Select the Advanced tab as in Figure 6 and disable the Firewall for this device. Click **OK** to save changes.

Gigabit Ethernet Cabling

All Gigabit Ethernet cabling and connectors should be CAT5E or CAT6 compatible. Cable lengths must not exceed 100 meters.

Power Connection

The camera requires a 12V DC power supply that can source a minimum of 500 mA of current. See the Connections section of this document for more information.



Installing GigE Viewer for Testing

- The latest Viewer software can be downloaded from http://www.alliedvisiontec.com/us/support.html.
- Run the GigE Viewer Installer.exe. This will install the Prosilica Digital Camera drivers as well as the GigE Viewer application program.
- Plug in the Prosilica GC camera via the Gigabit Ethernet port. Plug in the power connection. Verify that the Status LED 2 is a solid green. Run the GigE Viewer Application. It will take a few seconds for the camera to be recognized. If the camera does not appear in the Viewer list after approximately 10 seconds then try disconnecting and reconnecting the power. If it still does not appear restart the viewer. If it still does not appear, see the Trouble Shooting section of this document.
- See Figure 7. Select the *wrench* icon to change camera settings. Change the PacketSize to a value of 1500. Select the *eye* icon to image. The camera should now be imaging. If the camera is not imaging, see the Trouble Shooting section of this document. Note that the PacketSize can be set to 8228 if the network card has been optimized to support jumbo frames.
- See the System Optimization Section to maximize the performance of your system.

SampleViewer			
File Help			
Cameras			2
Host			
02-2040A-00009 (GE1380)			
	02-2040A-00009	(GE1380) {020 fps}	
			460
≁ 02-2040A-00009 (GE1380)			400
Attributes	Values		350
Acquisition			300
AcquisitionMode	Continuous		
E Trigger			
TriggerMode	Freerun		250
Controls		Focus tar	get
Exposure			
Gain			
GigE		ation in TV lines	200
Ethernet		ition in 1 v lines	
. IP			
HeartbeatTimeout	3000		
PacketSize	8228	3501	
Retries	5	4 % %	250
			aut
E Binning			1000
FrameTag	0		
. I ROI			
ImageReset	N/A	×	
Ready			11

Figure 7. GigE Viewer application window.



System Optimization

Open the Network Connections Dialog as follows: From the Windows desktop select *start*, then select *Control Panel*, then double click on the *Network Connections* icon. Double click the relevant network card listed or right-click the relevant network card and select *Properties*. This will open the properties window for your network card. See Figure 8.

👍 Gige Local Properties 🛛 🔹 💽
General Authentication Advanced
Connect using:
B SMC EZ Card 1000 (SMC9452TX V.2)
Configure
This connection uses the following items:
 Client for Microsoft Networks File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks QoS Packet Scheduler Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)
Install Uninstall Properties
Allows your computer to access resources on a Microsoft network.
Show icon in notification area when connected
OK Cancel

Figure 8. Network card main properties window.

• From the Properties window select *Configure* then select the *Advanced* tab. See Figure 9.



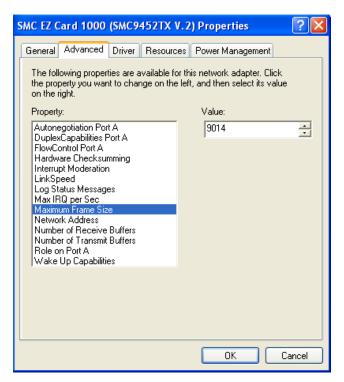


Figure 9. Network card advanced settings.

- Set *Maximum Frame Size* or *Jumbo Frames* to the maximum possible value. A typical value is 9000. If the list contains a property called *Receive Descriptors*, then change this value to its maximum value. Select *OK* to save properties.
- From the main properties dialog as in Figure 8, make sure that <u>only</u> the *Internet Protocol* (*TCP/IP*) check box is selected then click *OK*. The card is now optimized for use with the Prosilica GC camera.
- Open the viewer and set the PacketSize to 8228.



Trouble Shooting

Is the camera getting power?

The right LED is the camera power indicator. If unlit, check the power adaptor. If possible, swap with one that is known to work. If using a custom power adaptor, be sure the adaptor and wire gauge is rated to at least 500 mA. If the right LED still does not light up, contact AVT support.

Is the camera powered, but not detected in SampleViewer?

Damaged or poor quality Ethernet cabling can result in no cameras found, dropped packets, decreased bandwidth, and other problems. Use Cat5e or better cabling known to work.

Configure your NIC as outlined in "Gigabit Ethernet Setup For Windows". It should have an IP address of 169.254.x.x, Subnet Mask: 255.255.0.0. This is the AutoIP address range. If your NIC has no access to a DHCP server, the camera will still be auto assigned an IP address. There should be no gateway on your NIC.

Connect a single camera directly to your NIC, no hub/switch, and run the IP Configuration utility (Start>Programs>Prosilica>GigEIPConfig or C:\Program Files\Prosilica\GigEViewer\ipconfig.exe). You may need to wait up to 30 sec for camera to appear.

Camera	Configuration Mode	Address	Subnet Mask	Gateway	Status	
02-2110A-05013	DHCP	169.254.25.33	255.255.0.0	0.0.0.0		
	Edit IP Configura	ation		×	1	
			mera. When you clic!			
	conriguration is	saved as the came	ra's power-up settings			
	Obtain an IF	^o address automatic	ally using DHCP (Fall	back to AutoIP)		
			ally using DHCP (Fallt ally using Auto-IP (16			
	C Obtain an IF					
	C Obtain an IF C Use the folio	^o address automatic		9.254.xxx.xxx)		
	C Obtain an IF C Use the follo	P address automatic owing IP address:	ally using Auto-IP (16	9.254.xxx.xxx)		

A camera in DHCP (AutoIP fallback) mode.

• Camera is listed: Your camera and NIC must be on the same subnet, e.g.: NIC: IP **169.254**.23.2 Subnet Mask: 255.255.0.0, Camera IP: **169.254**.43.3 Subnet Mask: 255.255.0.0.

The following example is not on the same Subnet: NIC IP **169.250.**23.2 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0, CamIP **169.254.**13.0 Subnet Mask: 255.255.0.0. This can happen if you use a non AutoIP range on your NIC and it doesn't have access to a DHCP server. Either change your NIC IP to be in the AutoIP range, or fix the camera IP address to be on the same subnet as your NIC.



• Camera is not listed, or flashing "Camera Unavailable": There may be multiple NICs on your system set to the same subnet. The camera can not know which card to resolve to. Change the IP address of your NIC.

If you are still having problems, type: ipconfig /all in a windows command prompt, and send a screenshot to AVT support.

C:\WIN	DOWS\system32\cmd.exe	<u> </u>
C:\>ipc	onfig /all	
Windows	IP Configuration	
Ethouse	Host Name : MANUFACTURING2 Primary Dns Suffix : Prosilica.local Node Type : Hybrid IP Routing Enabled : Yes WINS Proxy Enabled : No DNS Suffix Search List : Prosilica.local prosilica.local	
Lenerne		
	Connection-specific DNS Suffix .: Description : Intel(R) PRO/1000 GT Desktop Ada	pter
#2	Physical Address : 00-1B-21-04-83-31 Dhcp Enabled : No IP Address : 169.254.13.2 Subnet Mask : 255.255.0.0 Default Gateway :	

Ipconfig /all screenshot

Is the camera listed in SampleViewer but can't acquire images?

Reset your camera settings to factory default: with ConfigFileIndex = Factory, click the ConfigFileLoad button.

While streaming, check your Stats:

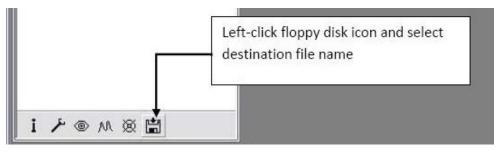


2-2171A-05001 (GC2450C)) - Controls
Attributes	Values
	-
TimeStampFrequency	10000000
UniqueId	5556
⊡. IO	
- Stats	
StatDriverType	Standard
StatFilterVersion	1.14
StatFrameRate	0
StatFramesCompleted	0
StatFramesDropped	0
StatPacketsErroneous	0
StatPacketsMissed	0
StatPacketsReceived	0
StatPacketsRequested	0
StatPacketsResent	0

All stats 0 while streaming. Firewall likely blocking traffic

- All stats 0. Likely a firewall is blocking incoming traffic. Disable your firewall. Check your camera trigger settings. Many camera trigger modes require a software or hardware trigger event to capture frames.
- Packets are incoming, but all dropping. Be sure you have JumboFrames enabled on your NIC. Otherwise, decrease your PacketSize setting to 1500.
- All packets completing as normal, but black image. Check ExposureValue, ExposureMode, and be sure your scene is suitably lit.

If you are still having problems acquiring images, please send your camera settings file (click on the disk icon in SampleViewer) to AVT support.



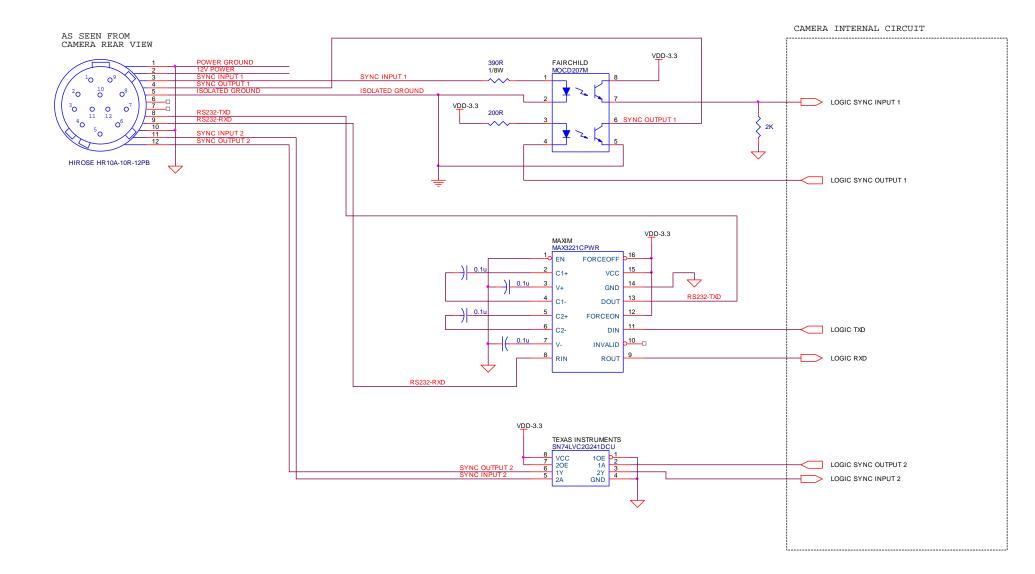
Saving camera setting file



Addendum



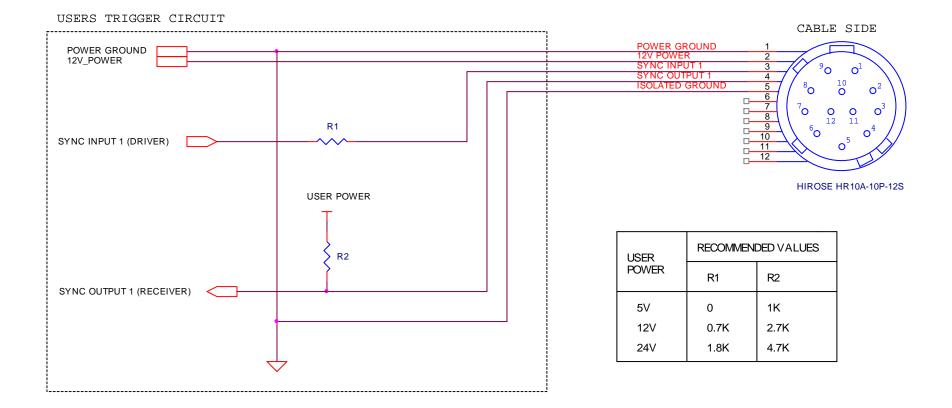
GC IO Schematic



GC750 Technical Manual



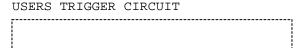
Isolated Trigger Schematic

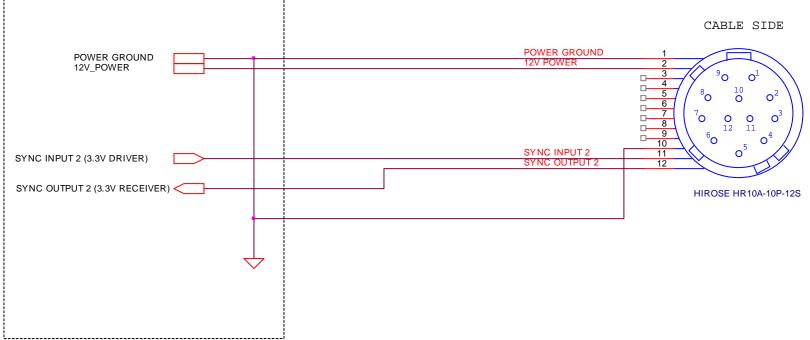


This circuit assumes a 10mA drive current (I_F) from User's trigger circuit into camera through R1. R2 is connected to the open collector of Fairchild MOCD207. The corresponding transistor emitter is connected to isolated ground. See the Fairchild MOCD207 datasheet for more detailed information.



Non-isolated Trigger Schematic



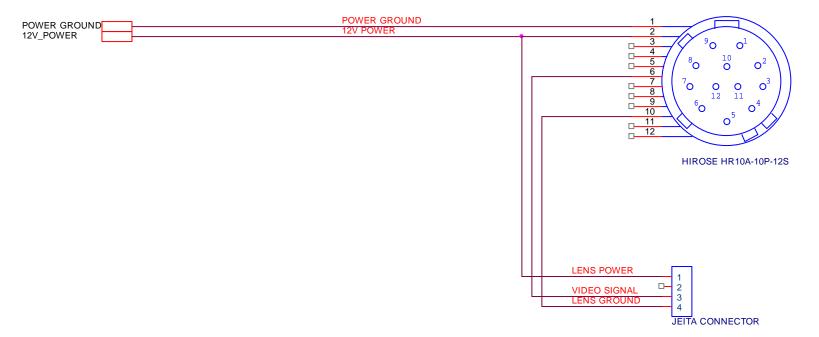


The non-isolated trigger circuit is connected to a Texas Instruments SN74LVC2G241 buffer/driver inside the camera. The required sync input current is less than 10uA and the maximum sync output current is 24mA. See the Texas Instruments SN74LVC2G241 for more detailed information.



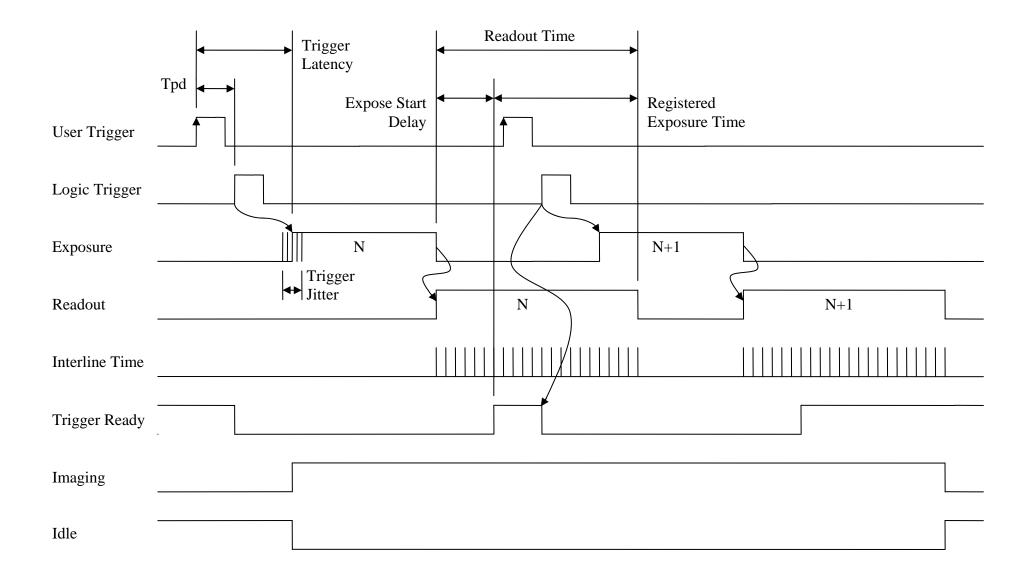
Video Iris Schematic

CABLE SIDE





Trigger Timing Diagram





Notes on Triggering

Definitions

- User Trigger is the trigger signal applied by the user.
- Logic Trigger is the trigger signal seen by the camera internal logic.
- Tpd is the propagation delay between the User Trigger and the Logic Trigger.
- Exposure is high when the camera image sensor is integrating light.
- Readout is high when the camera image sensor is reading out data.
- Trigger Latency is the time delay between the User Trigger and the start of Exposure.
- Trigger Jitter is the error in the Trigger Latency time.
- Trigger Ready indicates to the user that the camera will accept the next trigger.
- Registered Exposure Time is the Exposure Time value currently stored in the camera memory.
- Expose Start Delay is the delay time from the start of Exposure to valid Trigger Ready. It is the Registered Exposure Time subtracted from the Readout time and indicates when the next Exposure cycle can begin such that the Exposure will end after the current Readout.
- Interline Time is the time between sensor row readout cycles.
- Imaging is high when the camera image sensor is either exposing and/or reading out data.
- Idle is high if the camera image sensor is not exposing and/or reading out data.

Rules

- The User Trigger pulse width should be at least three times the width of the Trigger Latency as indicated in the Specifications section of this document.
- The end of Exposure will always trigger the next Readout.
- The end of Exposure must always end after the current Readout.
- The start of Exposure must always correspond with the Interline Time if Readout is true.
- Expose Start Delay equals the Readout time minus the Registered Exposure Time.

Triggering during the Idle State

- For applications requiring the shortest possible Trigger Latency and the smallest possible Trigger Jitter the User Trigger signal should be applied when Imaging is false and Idle is true.
- In this case, Trigger Latency and Trigger Jitter are as indicated in the Specifications section.



Triggering during the Readout State

- For applications requiring the fastest triggering cycle time whereby the camera image sensor is exposing and reading out simultaneously, then the User Trigger signal should be applied as soon as a valid Trigger Ready is detected.
- In this case, Trigger Latency and Trigger Jitter can be up to 1 line time since Exposure must always begin on an Interline boundary.